Risk Adjustment: How to Navigate the Medicare Market Medical Record Retrieval Don't Have to Hurt

Presented By:

 Will Stabler, Executive Vice President, Payer Vertical - GeBBS Healthcare Solutions Josh Weisbrod, Vice President Risk Adjustment - Network Health John Haughton MD, MS - MDPortals
 Rob Pipich FSA, MAAA, Principal & Consulting Actuary - Milliman







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What does your current risk adjustment chart retrieval project look like today?





Limitations of traditional risk adjustment workflows

- Data Retrieval
- Coding
- Provider Participation





Poll Question #1

What's most painful within Risk Adjustment?

- A. Coding Accuracy
- B. Actionable Data
- C. Cumbersome workflow
- D. Scheduling Support (Preventative Visits, Annual Wellness Visits, etc.)



Data Retrieval: Missing anything?





Limitations of traditional workflows: coding

- Time and resource consuming hunt through limited clinical data that has been retrieved.
- Manual process prone to human error that limits the number of charts that can be reviewed.
- Most diagnoses are recaptured from claims and a portion of clinical data from the PCP's EHR.
- HCC coding tools only analyze internal data within EHR.
- Value-based coders need clinical understanding beyond fee-Forservice.



Provider participation





Top tips for provider participation

- Curate conditions for consideration before sending to provider to avoid overload/false positives.
- Use a system that tracks both confirmed and denied diagnoses in real-time.
- Push diagnoses directly into the EHR enabling electronic submission alone isn't enough to encourage participation.
- Offer incentive per diagnosis evaluated, regardless of disposition.





Make it easy for providers to participate in prospective risk adjustment

Image: WathendNet Calendar Patients Claims Financials Reports Quality Apps Support Image: App S	Find patient or claim Q Christina Yang, MD Log out 03-12-2018 Established Patient Adam Bricker, MD
Problems HISTORICAL (2) (+) Assessment & Plan (+) DIAGNOSES & ORDERS	Gap Alert Powersd by Installow ACTIVE ALERTS
Empower providers to capture all relevant	UNCAPTURED CAPTURED Bachus, Manie 3 Gaps 2 Gaps
diagnoses during encounters:	Recommendation Confirm diagnosis of diabetes for current year based on clinical evidence below. Record A1C for Comprehensive Diabetes Care
Notification upon encounter.	Evidence Problem list: E11.9 Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications Lab result: Hemoglobin A1C is 7.0
 Ability to quickly assess/validate source of GAP suggestions. 	E11.9 Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications E11.9 Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications Documentation A1C is 7.0. Continue diet and weight loss plan
 Ability to push documentation back to EHR. 	 A1C is 7.0. Complication addressed in note. Continue diet and weight toss plan. Additional Documentation
Discussion Notes	Submit E66.01: Morbid Obesity
	N18.4: Severe Chronic Kidney Disease



A better risk adjustment workflow: key strategies

- Work towards implementing a more prospective process.
- Clinical data should be retrieved from all sources across the care continuum.
- Employ NLP to identify diagnoses and clinical data that may indicate the presence of an undiagnosed chronic condition.
- Make it easy for providers to capture all relevant diagnoses during encounters with minimal clicks within their own workflow.
- Engage patients on a regular basis.





Engage patients on a regular basis

- Patient engagement is not just about the actual encounter.
- Get care coordinator involved:
 - Check in on patients at regular intervals and ensure they are seen at least once per calendar year.
 - Call to verify risk gaps before encounters, and schedule screenings accordingly.
 - Prepare for Annual Wellness Visit to minimize provider time.
 - Enroll patients in chronic care management and remote patient monitoring programs.
 - Check medication adherence.

RISF



A better risk adjustment workflow





Work towards implementing a more prospective process

- Prospective pre-visit diagnosis review to be completed <u>before</u> the patient encounter for verification of current acuity status. Discuss during face-to-face visit any diagnoses not supported in current calendar year. Any diagnoses not supported to be routed to internal data team for deletion.
- Conditions for provider to evaluate include suspect and documented un-coded diagnoses from prior years (Specialist visits, out-of-state hospital visits).





Employ NLP to capture all diagnosis types

NLP can identify both submission-ready diagnoses and clinical data that may indicate the presence of an undiagnosed chronic condition.

Known

Diagnoses already known to plan from claims data

Documented un-coded (current year)

New submittable diagnosis that has been documented in current year but not coded

Documented un-coded (prior years)

Diagnosis that were documented in prior years but not coded

Suspect

Clinical Indicators suggest possible diagnosis



Top tips for using NLP

 Apply NLP to totality of all patient records, including progress notes, attachments in the document section of the EHR and other unstructured data in addition to the native chart within the EHR.





Poll Question #2

Interoperability is going to happen...

- A. Never / Who cares
- B. Next 12-18 months
- C. Next 3-5 years



Top tips for data retrieval

- Must use a NCQA-certified aggregator
- Find an electronic data retrieval solution that also extracts often-missed progress notes as well as structured data.
- Include social determinants of health.
- Push patient data programmatically into patient repository.
- Build a master patient index for your patient repository.
- Normalize values when consolidating data.



Looking ahead: Medicare Advantage and the HCC model

- Enrollment in Medicare Advantage has more than doubled over the past decade and the rapid growth is expected to continue as older adults are living longer.
- The number of MA plans offered has also dramatically increased in recent years because it has shown to be the most effective way to improve care and reduce costs.
- The use of HCC's has become increasingly common as the industry transitions to a value-based system. Beyond Medicare Advantage, ACO's, ACA'S, and commercial payers have adopted the HCC model.



Other important strategies

- Watch for over-coding/assess members annually for resolved conditions.
- Maintain chart repository in case of RADV audit.
- Use potential HCC uplift reporting to stratify highest potential members by practice.
- Official guidelines remind us to code all diagnoses that "affect care, management or treatment". Chronic conditions affect care, even if not requiring treatment at a particular visit.
- Monitor and audit the accuracy of your HCC Coding.



How to get prepare: the future of risk adjustment

- Utilize specialty diagnosticians.
- Incorporate chronic care management and remote patient monitoring to avoid hospitalizations.
- Leverage machine learning computational algorithms that integrate real-time physiologic monitoring data to provide early warning of potentially catastrophic clinical events, including sepsis, respiratory distress, cardiac instability, and falls.
- Leverage ADT event notifications to quickly source records from hospitals, long-term care and skilled nursing facilities.



Thank You for Joining Us Today!

Questions? Please Contact:

Will Stabler will.stabler@gebbs.com





THANK YOU

